

IF YOU WEAR

Made to Order Clothes We Can Add to Your Savings, If You Don't We Can Add to Your Self Satisfaction.

with one of our tailored to measure suits made to your individual order. Under no circumstances do we economize on quality and quantity of material to make a low priced garment. We have but one idea in mind, the purchaser's satisfaction and comfort.

Suits to Order \$15, \$20, \$25
Trousers \$5, \$6.50, \$7.50

TAILORS CORRECT CLOTHING EL PASO

Made Complete in El Paso

We do Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing.

Clothes Called for and Delivered.

Cor. Myrtle and Stanton. Phone 6176. Wm. Rosing, Prop.

Why Wait Longer...

To make that trip to
the Seashore?
The Fast Train
Leaves El Paso 4:00 p. m.
Arrives Los Angeles 3:30 p. m.
Several Others
All of them equipped
With Electric Lights and Fans.
Maximum Comfort
Minimum Expense
Los Angeles and Return, \$40.00.
San Francisco and Return, \$50.00.

SEE AGENTS
Southern Pacific

TWENTY-ONE UNIDENTIFIED DEAD
BURIED AT BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Binghamton, N. Y., July 28.—At-
tended by thousands of mourners,
many of them relatives or close friends
of the victims, the funeral of 21 un-
identified dead, who lost their lives in
the Binghamton clothing company
fire, took place Sunday.

Services were held in the opera
house, dignitaries of all religious de-
nominations taking part in the exer-
cises. A special trolley car train bore
the caskets to Spring Forest cemetery.

There's a Deal
of Satisfaction
in the use of a Longwell's Taxi
or Auto when going to a social
affair.
Clean taxis, careful drivers, make
perfect service.
To make sure of a Longwell taxi
call Phone No. 1.

Taxicabs, Limousines
& Seven Passenger Cars
Longwell's Transfer
PHONE 1
Day or Night.

LEVY GROCERY
COMPANY
PHONES 505-3098.
California Potatoes, 25c
8 lbs
Fine Large Watermelons, 1 1/2c
per lb
Fresh Tomatoes, 30c
per basket
CHEESE---Limberger, Swiss, Longhorn, Brick

UNDERSELL
ALL
OTHERS
204-206 E. OVERLAND ST.
Elberta Peaches, 25c
per basket
Bermuda Onions, 25c
6 lbs
Bulk Queen Olives, 45c
per quart

WHILE ON DUTY; BROUGHT HIM EL PASO

(Continued from page one)

side of the story from Inspector C. G. Gately, referred them to Gen. Francisco Castro. In the meantime the matter was taken up with the Mexican consul in El Paso and he went over to Juarez. From 2 o'clock until 6 o'clock they hunted high and low for Gen. Castro, but finally got him at the military headquarters on Lerdo avenue. He referred them to Luis Martinez, judge of letters, declaring that the matter was a civil one. The latter informed them that the man could be taken out if they would arrange a bond of \$1000. Max, who had cash deposited in the Banco Nacional or else a bond signed by some one owning land in Mexico. This could not be arranged Saturday, as it was then nearly 7 o'clock.

In the meantime, charges were filed with the judge of letters in which Gen. Francisco Castro and Col. Enrique Portillo charged Dixon with attempted kidnapping, an offense punishable by a term of imprisonment of two years.

Edwards Shows Backbone. American consul Thomas D. Edwards displayed backbone when he called upon the military authorities to dis-
pate their right to have made the arrest of Dixon, contending that it was a civil affair in the first place. He demanded, he did not request, that the soldiers who had made the arrest and had done the shooting should be arrested immediately and placed in jail and held there, and then punished for the shooting. He gave them no warn-
ing that he considered, and the United States government considered the whole affair a conspiracy and the government which he represented would hold the military authorities personally responsible for it. He was assured by Gen. Castro that the soldiers would be tried and if found guilty would be punished both by the civil and military authorities, and if Dixon were found guilty, he would be punished and the soldiers released.

The American consul is going full into the details of the alleged conspiracy and has been ordered by the state department to make a full investigation and report.

Gately Tells of Conspiracy. C. G. Gately, the inspector whom the negroes sought, tells the following story of the affair:

"At 11:30 Saturday morning a man called up the immigration office and asked for Mr. Gately. I told him that I was Gately. He said, 'You want Arthur Walker on the other side, don't you?' I replied that we did, and he said: 'Well, he has had a quarrel with his woman over there in El Paso and he is going over to fix it up. He will go over tonight. If you will come to the Silver King or Jockey Club saloon in Juarez this morning I will tell you which way he will go and when so you can catch him.' Then I asked him his name and he said, 'Allie Holton,' or something like that. He hesitated in giving a name and I asked him how I should know him and he said: 'Well, I know you.'

"I had an appointment with district attorney Robert T. Neill and could not go over. I spoke to Dixon about the matter and he said he would go. Therefore I went to keep my appointment with Mr. Neill, and on the way back called at the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

"Upon my return to the office I found that the man had phoned Arthur Walker on a charge of conspiracy to smuggle a Mexican woman into the United States for immoral purposes in violation of the 'white slave' law. I had an appointment with district attorney Robert T. Neill and could not go over. I spoke to Dixon about the matter and he said he would go. Therefore I went to keep my appointment with Mr. Neill, and on the way back called at the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

To Keep Away From Juarez. F. W. Berkshire, in charge of the El Paso district of the immigration department, has issued orders to all men under his charge, not to go to Juarez on official business. This order followed the shooting of Dixon and was given for the purpose of avoiding any such occurrences in the future.

Mexican Consul Explains. Mexican consul Alfredo Miranda, of El Paso, places the blame for the shooting of Dixon in Juarez on a Mexican negro lieutenant, Saenz, of the command of Gen. Luis Salazar, and two American negroes, Miranda, who said that the lieutenant, Saenz, was interrogating a negro, whom Dixon was interrogating, in regard to a white slave case, conspired to make way with the inspector, taking him into the room of the woman with whom Dixon was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

Investigations made by the federal authorities, Miranda asserts, showed that the man had phoned Arthur Walker on a charge of conspiracy to smuggle a Mexican woman into the United States for immoral purposes in violation of the 'white slave' law. I had an appointment with district attorney Robert T. Neill and could not go over. I spoke to Dixon about the matter and he said he would go. Therefore I went to keep my appointment with Mr. Neill, and on the way back called at the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

The American negroes, who are under arrest and will be tried by the federal court at El Paso, are said to be the organizers of the plot to assassinate Dixon and Henry Bell. Bell is also one of the irregular soldiers of the Salazar command. He is said to have escaped from the custody of American officers two years ago while being transported from Tuxtepec to Santa Fe, N. M.

No Bond Requested. The release of Dixon from the Juarez hospital was secured without bond. Saturday night the authorities insisted on a cash bond of 2000 pesos, but this was waived at the request of the efforts of consul Miranda and ex-ecutives of state Porras.

Dixon Released Well. Dr. Tappan, of the government service, who treated Dixon in Juarez, says that the prisoner the best possible treatment, and that the director of the hospital gave up his own room for the accommodation of Dixon. The woman was clean, Dr. Tappan says, and the hospital authorities furnished clean sheets and linens and a bed of nourishment for the wounded man.

Dr. Tappan declared Monday morning that he considered Dixon out of danger and that unless something unforeseen should develop, he will be entirely well soon. Dixon had a fever Monday morning and only one degree of fever, his pulse was normal and he was in the best of spirits, although the pain from the wound in his body was troubling him very much. He slept well Sunday night and received callers Monday morning at his room in the Providence hospital.

Dixon Appears Happy. Dixon was happy over his narrow escape from death in Juarez and laughed and joked Monday about his narrow escape. He was drinking but-ter-milk between laughs and said that he was suffering no ill effect from his wound except that it was so "damned sore" in his side, and he had his associates at the immigration station not to make him laugh. Dixon is known as the best natured man on the Mexican border and his trip through the valley of the shadow of death Saturday after-noon when he was given the "leaky" fu-gue, by the Mexican soldiers, did not diminish his contagious good humor.

From Dixon's story of the affair, he was shot at four times when he at-tempted to get away from the squad and all four of the bullets were fired from a high power rifle, presumably in the hands of Lieut. Saenz, believed to be a half breed Mexican negro. It was the third shot that hit him and he saw

it after it had passed through his body and when it struck an adobe wall ahead of him and plowed a furrow along the wall. The fourth shot was fired when I was 60 yards away," Dixon said Monday morning. "They accuse me in the charge at El Paso of knocking down a soldier while under arrest. I did not do that. The men were walking two in front and two behind me. A man who I believe to be Lieut. Saenz was behind and was the only one who had a rifle. The other three had six-shooters. I walked in front and I was right behind the front pair and when I came to the corner of the alley I ducked down the alley, sideways and running close to the wall. I had a lead of 60 feet and I made the most of it.

Four Shots Fired. "The first shot, which was fired when I was about 60 feet in the lead, came from a high power rifle. I am sure of that, and the three succeeding shots all sounded the same as the first shot. I think that Lieut. Saenz had to run up the alley and shoot at me, although I guarded before he could shoot and that gave me the lead. The soldiers never did catch me, and if I had not run I would have been shot. I was running in the direction of the police station, for I thought that I could get protection there if I could get away, for I did not think the town officials would allow soldiers to shoot at me, although I might put me in jail. The second shot hit a Chinaman's head near where I was running. The third shot was fired in rapid succession. It was the third one which passed through my body. I saw the bullet enter it and had gone through me and struck the adobe wall in front of me, making a neat little ridge in the dry dirt. The fourth shot hit my shoe, but it did not strike my foot.

"The shot gave me the blind staggers for a moment, but I did not stop. I was running and soon outdistanced the soldiers, who were pursuing me. When I went blind and then felt the hand on my shoulder, I thought I was killed, for I weakened me and took my breath away. That was the reason the police-men shot at me. The street was deserted when I fell and I was satisfied in my own mind that the soldiers were going to kill me, although they did not say so. I knew nothing of Portillo's barracks and thought they were taking me to the hills. Portillo drove up in his carriage and I was placed in it, as I was getting weak from loss of blood.

Cruz Treated Him Well. "May Cruz, another police station, was the only one who treated me like a human being; the others only grinned at me. I was taken to a room where I was shocked hands with me and told the soldiers and Portillo that he washed his hands of the whole affair, and that he had done it and he had no order for my arrest. He added that there would be trouble and the soldiers would have to stand for it. Mayor Cruz treated me with every consideration and the hospital attendants also cared for me well, and it is a mistake that the hospital was dirty.

"After I had been taken to the police station they presented the order for my arrest with my name written in where it had been left blank. They had to ask me my name, but the warrant was turned out to read for the arrest of Blank, an immigration in-spector. This makes me believe that they were after Gately and that I was shot when he did not go. I was within half a block of the police station when they shot at me. I was not hurt and if I had not been out of wind I would have arrived there and given myself up.

Father in Houston. Dixon's father is the cane manager of the T. W. House sugar plantation near the Rio Grande in east Texas. His mother, three brothers and sister are in San Diego, Cal., where he is stationed until a year ago. Before entering the army he was a lumber salesman in east Texas.

Porras Explains. Lieut. Guadalupe Porras, speaking for Gen. Francisco Castro, told the fol-lowing as his side of the Dixon affair: "Dixon was coming over to Juarez to give full protection in his official capacity. He was shot by a soldier who came to kidnap another negro, Arthur Walker, who was in the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

Investigations made by the federal authorities, Miranda asserts, showed that the man had phoned Arthur Walker on a charge of conspiracy to smuggle a Mexican woman into the United States for immoral purposes in violation of the 'white slave' law. I had an appointment with district attorney Robert T. Neill and could not go over. I spoke to Dixon about the matter and he said he would go. Therefore I went to keep my appointment with Mr. Neill, and on the way back called at the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

To Keep Away From Juarez. F. W. Berkshire, in charge of the El Paso district of the immigration department, has issued orders to all men under his charge, not to go to Juarez on official business. This order followed the shooting of Dixon and was given for the purpose of avoiding any such occurrences in the future.

Mexican Consul Explains. Mexican consul Alfredo Miranda, of El Paso, places the blame for the shooting of Dixon in Juarez on a Mexican negro lieutenant, Saenz, of the command of Gen. Luis Salazar, and two American negroes, Miranda, who said that the lieutenant, Saenz, was interrogating a negro, whom Dixon was interrogating, in regard to a white slave case, conspired to make way with the inspector, taking him into the room of the woman with whom Dixon was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

Investigations made by the federal authorities, Miranda asserts, showed that the man had phoned Arthur Walker on a charge of conspiracy to smuggle a Mexican woman into the United States for immoral purposes in violation of the 'white slave' law. I had an appointment with district attorney Robert T. Neill and could not go over. I spoke to Dixon about the matter and he said he would go. Therefore I went to keep my appointment with Mr. Neill, and on the way back called at the room of the woman with whom Walker was familiar, in order to ascertain if she and he had a quarrel and if he was coming over and the information he had given me was not true. Then I became suspicious.

The American negroes, who are under arrest and will be tried by the federal court at El Paso, are said to be the organizers of the plot to assassinate Dixon and Henry Bell. Bell is also one of the irregular soldiers of the Salazar command. He is said to have escaped from the custody of American officers two years ago while being transported from Tuxtepec to Santa Fe, N. M.

No Bond Requested. The release of Dixon from the Juarez hospital was secured without bond. Saturday night the authorities insisted on a cash bond of 2000 pesos, but this was waived at the request of the efforts of consul Miranda and ex-ecutives of state Porras.

Dixon Released Well. Dr. Tappan, of the government service, who treated Dixon in Juarez, says that the prisoner the best possible treatment, and that the director of the hospital gave up his own room for the accommodation of Dixon. The woman was clean, Dr. Tappan says, and the hospital authorities furnished clean sheets and linens and a bed of nourishment for the wounded man.

Dr. Tappan declared Monday morning that he considered Dixon out of danger and that unless something unforeseen should develop, he will be entirely well soon. Dixon had a fever Monday morning and only one degree of fever, his pulse was normal and he was in the best of spirits, although the pain from the wound in his body was troubling him very much. He slept well Sunday night and received callers Monday morning at his room in the Providence hospital.

RELEASE BIESEL

(Continued From Page One)

officials here today, as the American demands for investigation and punish-ment of the offenders apparently are being complied with.

To Make "Diligent Inquiry." At the white house, it was said the United States would pursue a course of diligent inquiry into the affair and would insist on summary action against the guilty.

Strong representations the most drastic in phraseology that have been made since the present American ad-ministration came into power, were made to the Huerta government Sunday when the United States demanded not only the prompt arrest, court-martial and punishment of the Mexican fed-eral soldiers who shot Dixon, but the release of the American consul, Ed-ward Edwards, who was arrested at Juarez. The president with ambassador Wil-son's long report in hand Sunday, studied the case.

Release of Biesel Demanded. The ambassador's long experience with outbreaks against American citi-zens in Mexico, and the fact that the American government lodged a protest Sunday, will make him an important factor in whatever policy is adopted toward the Huerta government on ac-count of the developments at Juarez and Chihuahua. The demand that the soldiers be court-martialed and the guilty be punished is a much more pointed request than hitherto. Although McDonald, who is Biesel's fel-low prisoner at Santa Rosalia, is re-ported to be an English subject, the demand for protection covered both men and the American consul at Chi-huahua was ordered to go to the ex-treme to prevent harm to the consul from befalling them. There is little information about the status of Mc-Donald and Biesel, it appears that they were en route to Parral in an automo-bile to bring out refugees when ar-rested at Santa Rosalia. The machine was confiscated and the two men taken to the city of Chihuahua, where news of their impending fate was car-ried to the border by Americans.

HURTA IS SENDING ALL HIS CABINET ON MISSIONS

Mexico City, Mex., July 28.—It is stated unofficially that Rodolfo Reyes, minister of justice, will leave soon on foreign missions. His departure, fol-lowing the resignation of yesterday of Equival Obregon, minister of finance, leaves president Huerta only one mem-ber of the cabinet. Reyes is expected to be in the capital last win-ter. This David is in Huerta, min-ister of communications.

NANKING TO BE SCENE OF DECISIVE BATTLE

Chinese Rebels Lose Their Hold on the Yang Tze River—American Bluejackets Protect Foreigners. Peking, China, July 28.—The capture of Hu Kow forts by a joint land and naval attack is regarded as the most important event of the day. The rebels, who have been in the Yang Tze river, in Kiang Si province, and the river now is clear for the north-erners to Nanking, where the forts held by the rebels prevent the fleet pass-ing. The decisive battle of the revolution is believed, will be fought at Nanking.

One southern troops on the Tien Tsin Peking line are getting southward from Hu Kow, evidently fearing that the Han, an ally of the grand canal, and the Yang Tze river, will be cut by the northern forces and cut their communications. Hu's command has been regarded as an outlaw band, but both sides now are willing to accept the decision of the revolution. The decisive battle of the rebellion may be fought at Nanking.

The Standard Oil company's boat was commandeered near Chow Chow and much of the money on board was taken. Afterwards the boat was released.

U. S. ADMIRAL REFUSES TO SEND MARINES TO KU LING

Washington, D. C., July 28.—Officials here approve the course of rear ad-miral Nicholson, commander of the Asiatic fleet, who refused to send a guard of marines to Ku Ling, the cen-tral China summer resort where Amer-ican consuls are being held by the re-bels. As Ku Ling is on elevated ground, it is not to be an immediate danger except from stragglers.

The gunboat Helena, the American vessel covering the Yang Tze river, and officials here point out that if ad-miral Nicholson sent any of her crew to Ku Ling, he would be giving the rebels a very easy prey of the warring factions.

At the navy department it was said that admiral Nicholson had done his full duty in offering an escort to any Americans who wished to leave Ku Ling for a place of safety.

BRITISH SHIPS ARE READY TO RESCUE FOREIGNERS

Hong Kong, China, July 28.—The British river steamers at Canton have been ordered by the consul to have steam up ready in case it becomes necessary to embark the women and children from the suburb of Shumuen, where most of the foreigners reside.

There was an abnormal exodus today of the better class of Chinese from Canton to Hong Kong.

Do You Like Lunch Without Much Cooking this Warm Weather?

Here Is a Partial List for

Your Lunch Goods


Veal Loaf, per can	15c	Soek Eye Salmon, per can	20c
Deviled Ham, per can	15c	Smoked Norwegian Sardines, per can	15c
Lunch Tongue, per can	25c	Sardines, Tomato Sauce, per can	15c
Boned Chicken, per can	35c	Oysters, per can	10c
Corned Beef, per can	25c	Little Neck Clams, per can	20c
Roast Beef, per can	25c	Head Lettuce, 2 for	15c
Corn Beef Hash, per can	15c	Olive Oil, per bottle	35c
Chipped Beef, per can	20c	Fresh Tomatoes, per lb	10c
Chili Con Carne, per can	10c	Green Olives, per bottle	10c and 25c

Yard Eggs, (that are fresh), per doz. 40c

Boulevard Grocery

Phones 653 and 634

GALVESTON AND RETURN
\$34.40
On Sale Daily
LIMIT 3 MONTHS
WE ARE THE DIRECT LINE
IF YOU WANT UP-TO-DATE SERVICE—
WE HAVE IT.
CITY TICKET OFFICE, 206 North Oregon St.



YOUR HAIR TURNING GREY OR FADED

Restored Immediately To Dark Beautiful Color by Hay's Hair Health

There is no need of any one now-a-days having grey or faded hair, or dandruff either, that causes it to fall out constantly. Falling hair and dandruff ruin a beautiful head of hair in no time and grey and faded hair make you look so much older than you really are.

Hay's Hair Health used regularly will bring your hair back to its natural color quickly and more effectively than anything else. Its so easy to use; just apply a little at night, according to directions, and you'll be delighted and surprised at the al-

most immediate change. Often a single application will do wonders towards restoring the hair to its natural color. People everywhere are using Hay's Hair Health in preference to any other preparation to restore their hair to its dark, beautiful, glossy natural color, because it does it so much quicker and more satisfactory and is so much nicer and cleaner to use.

Druggists will refund your money if Hay's Hair Health is not satisfactory after a fair trial.

Free: Sign this adv. and take it to the following druggists and get a 50c size bottle of Hay's Hair Health and a 25c cake of Harns Soap free, for 50c; or \$1.00 size bottle of Hay's Hair Health and two 25c cakes of Harns Soap free, for \$1.00.

People's Drug Store; Depot Phar.; Potter Drug Co.; A. E. Ryan & Co.; Ward's Phar.; J. A. Weaver & Co.; Scott White & Co.—Advertisement.

MANY TEACHERS AT PORTALES INSTITUTE

More Than 100 Roosevelt Teachers Ex-pected to Be Present Before the Close of the Meeting.

Portales, N. M., July 28.—The Roose-velt County Teachers' institute is now in session here with a good enrollment, over 50 being present the first day, with new names added daily. Superintendent V. L. Griffin, of Clovis, is in charge at present and will conduct the institute until the arrival of dean Carson, who will be present the last two weeks.

County superintendent Culbertson is expect-ing an enrollment of 100 before the close of the session.

James A. Hall, assistant district at-torney for the fifth judicial district, has assumed editorial control of the Portales Herald. J. R. Darnell remains on the force as business manager.

Arrangements are being made for a compilation of the dairy statistics of the entire county. The dairy business here is assuming such proportions, with so many more of the farmers making arrangements to get into the business, that the need of reliable data has been keenly felt. This compilation will also be of assistance in securing a census, which will soon be very much needed.

Elida, in the south part of the county, is said to ship more cream than any other point in the state besides there are large dairies on the northern place.

Jeff Hightower and Walter Crow have returned from the encampment at Las Vegas. Mr. Hightower was called home on account of the sickness of his mother, who resides at Canyon City, Tex. Mr. Crow came home on account of the ill-ness of his wife.

W. P. Pond, of Clovis, owns several tracts of land here, and says that on one of these he has alfalfa with a fine crop of seed on it, raised without irriga-tion.

Dr. L. R. Hough and family have re-turned from an extended visit to points in Kansas and Nebraska.

Miss Nellie Leahy has returned from Silver City, where she attended the state normal, receiving the degree of bachelor of pedagogy.

Mrs. F. E. Wilson entertained the Bridge club and other friends in honor of her daughter, Mrs. J. R. Holman, of Seattle, Wash., and Mrs. A. J. Adams, of Ada, Okla.

Miss Nina Davis, who is a teacher in the Clovis schools, is here attending the normal.

R. F. Richardson and Guy Clay, of Elida, and Rex Borough, of Red Lake, are attending the normal.

Len Mudgett, of Carlbad, and Miss Elmer Smith, of this place, were united in marriage at the home of the bride, Rev. Seba Kirkpatrick officiating.

W. W. Humble has returned from Dallas and other points in north central Texas.

Mrs. Hamill, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Charley Hart, has re-turned home.

Mrs. Orr, of Columbus, Ohio, is visit-ing her daughter, Mrs. S. E. Ward.

Our Clearance Sale Begins August 1st.

THE \$15 CLOTHES SHOP

HARRIS KRUPP, Prop.

will ride on the interurban in a few weeks and see land that you can buy today for \$20 cash and \$2.00 a month, but it will cost more then. Why not see it now. Phone 803 and we will call.

Tobin Real Estate Co.

YOU!